## Amendments to the Claims

1. (previously presented) A method of treating anxiety disorders or symptoms in a patient comprising administering a therapeutic amount of a diazepam condensation aerosol to the patient by inhalation,

wherein the condensation aerosol is formed by heating a thin layer containing diazepam, on a solid support, to produce a vapor of diazepam, and condensing the vapor to form a condensation aerosol characterized by less than 10% diazepam degradation products by weight, and an MMAD of less than 5 microns.

- 2. (previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the condensation aerosol is characterized by an MMAD of less than 3 microns.
- 3. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the condensation aerosol is formed at a rate greater than 0.5 mg/second.
- 4. (previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the therapeutic amount of diazepam condensation aerosol comprises between 0.2 mg and 20 mg of diazepam delivered in a single inspiration.
- 5. (previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein peak plasma diazepam concentration is reached in less than 0.1 hours.
- 6. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein at least 50% by weight of the condensation aerosol is amorphous in form.
- 7. (currently amended) A method of administering a diazepam condensation aerosol to a patient by inhalation,

wherein the diazepam condensation aerosol is formed by heating a thin layer containing diazepam, on a solid support, to produce a vapor of diazepam, and condensing the vapor to form

a condensation aerosol characterized by less than 10% diazepam degradation products by weight, and an MMAD of less than 5 microns, and

wherein peak plasma diazepam concentration is reached in less than 0.1 hours.

- 8. (previously presented) A kit for delivering a diazepam condensation aerosol comprising:
  - a. a thin layer containing diazepam, on a solid support, and
- b. a device for providing the condensation aerosol, wherein the condensation aerosol is formed by heating the thin layer to produce a vapor of diazepam, and condensing the vapor to form a condensation aerosol characterized by less than 10% diazepam degradation products by weight, and an MMAD of less than 5 microns.
- 9. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 8, wherein the device comprises:
  - a. a flow through enclosure containing the solid support,
  - b. a power source that can be activated to heat the solid support, and
  - c. at least one portal through which air can be drawn by inhalation,

wherein activation of the power source is effective to produce a vapor of diazepam, and drawing air through the enclosure is effective to condense the vapor to form the condensation aerosol.

- 10. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 9, wherein the heat for heating the solid support is generated by an exothermic chemical reaction.
- 11. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 10, wherein the exothermic chemical reaction is oxidation of combustible materials.
- 12. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 9, wherein the heat for heating the solid support is generated by passage of current through an electrical resistance element.

- 13. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 9, wherein the solid support has a surface area dimensioned to accommodate a therapeutic dose of diazepam.
- 14. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 8, wherein peak plasma diazepam concentration is reached in less than 0.1 hours.
- 15. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 8, further including instructions for use.
- 16. (previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the condensation aerosol is characterized by an MMAD of 0.2 to 5 microns.
- 17. (previously presented) The method according to claim 2, wherein the condensation aerosol is characterized by an MMAD of 0.2 to 3 microns.
- 18. (previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the condensation aerosol comprises at least 80% diazepam by weight.
- 19. (previously presented) The method according to claim 18, wherein the condensation aerosol comprises at least 95% diazepam by weight.
- 20. (previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the thin layer comprises at least 80% diazepam by weight.
- 21. (previously presented) The method according to claim 20, wherein the thin layer comprises at least 95% diazepam by weight.
- 22. (previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the thin layer has a thickness between 1.3 and 5.1 microns.

- 23. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 8, wherein the condensation aerosol is characterized by an MMAD of less than 3 microns.
- 24. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 8, wherein the condensation aerosol is characterized by an MMAD of 0.2 to 5 microns.
- 25. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 23, wherein the condensation aerosol is characterized by an MMAD of 0.2 to 3 microns.
- 26. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 8, wherein the condensation aerosol comprises at least 80% diazepam by weight.
- 27. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 26, wherein the condensation aerosol comprises at least 95% diazepam by weight.
- 28. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 8, wherein the thin layer comprises at least 80% diazepam by weight.
- 29. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 28, wherein the thin layer comprises at least 95% diazepam by weight.
- 30. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 8, wherein the thin layer has a thickness between 1.3 and 5.1 microns.
- 31. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 9, wherein the solid support has a surface to mass ratio of greater than 1 cm<sup>2</sup> per gram.
- 32. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 9, wherein the solid support has a surface to volume ratio of greater than 100 per meter.

- 33. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 9, wherein the solid support is a metal foil.
- 34. (previously presented) The kit according to claim 33, wherein the metal foil has a thickness of less than 0.25 mm.